

Welcome to your CDP Water Security Questionnaire 2022

W0. Introduction

W0.1

(W0.1) Give a general description of and introduction to your organization.

Crown Holdings, Inc., through its affiliated companies, is a leading supplier of beverage packaging, food packaging, aerosol packaging, metal closures, specialty packaging and transit packaging products to consumer companies around the world. Crown is the leader in metal packaging technology. With operations in 42 countries employing over 26,000 people and net sales of \$11.4 billion, Crown operations are divided in four divisions; America, Europe, Asia Pacific and Transit Packaging.

W0.2

(W0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data.

| | Start date | End date |
|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Reporting year | January 1, 2021 | December 31, 2021 |

W0.3

(W0.3) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.

Australia Barbados Belgium Brazil Bulgaria Cambodia Canada China Colombia Denmark Finland France Germany Greece India Crown Holdings CDP Water Security Questionnaire 2022 Thursday, July 28, 2022



Indonesia Ireland Italy Jamaica Jordan Kenya Malaysia Mexico Myanmar Netherlands Poland Republic of Korea Saudi Arabia Singapore Slovakia Spain Sweden Switzerland Thailand Trinidad and Tobago Tunisia Turkey United Arab Emirates United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland United States of America Viet Nam

W0.4

(W0.4) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response.

USD

W0.5

(W0.5) Select the option that best describes the reporting boundary for companies, entities, or groups for which water impacts on your business are being reported.

Companies, entities or groups over which operational control is exercised

W0.6

(W0.6) Within this boundary, are there any geographies, facilities, water aspects, or other exclusions from your disclosure?

Yes



W0.6a

(W0.6a) Please report the exclusions.

| Exclusion | Please explain |
|--|---|
| For 2021 Crown is reporting 212 production sites. | The Transit Packaging division have |
| Excluded to that, 37 sites are part of the Transit | small sales offices that do not have |
| Packaging division that have small offices and | significant amounts of water use to |
| warehouses where water is not used or consumed for | report, the amount is considered |
| production purposes so these 37 sites are not | negligible and some do not use water at |
| contemplated in this report. | all. |

W0.7

(W0.7) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

| Indicate whether you are able to provide a unique identifier for your organization. | Provide your unique identifier |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Yes, an ISIN code | 2283681060 |

W1. Current state

W1.1

(W1.1) Rate the importance (current and future) of water quality and water quantity to the success of your business.

| | Direct use importance rating | Indirect use importance rating | Please explain |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Sufficient amounts of good quality freshwater available for use | Vital | Important | VITAL - Water is considered vital for Crown's operations, especially in the manufacturing process of beverage cans and glass bottles. Water is required for the following manufacturing processes: cooling systems, forming, washing, rinsing cans and glass bottles and separating the sand for glass production. Even though Crown's facilities need fresh water inputs, most of this water returns to the water system as no water is present in our primary final product, and little in our tertiary products. Hence, aside for evaporation, Crown's final product does not contain water. IMPORTANT –Crown understands that water is important for our suppliers of aluminium and steel, |



| | | | such as for cooling purposes in the extrusion processes, and we are engaging with them to understand their water footprint and actions taken to preserve water. |
|---|---------|---------|---|
| Sufficient amounts of recycled, brackish and/or produced water available for use | Neutral | Neutral | No brackish or produced water is used. Crown's processes utilize mainly freshwater. Though freshwater is recirculated in our process, there is no additional source of recycled water. Crown is analyzing the potential widespread use of membrane bioreactors (MBR) to increase water re-use and limit discharges in the near future. Crown Brazil implemented the MBR in 2020. |

W1.2

(W1.2) Across all your operations, what proportion of the following water aspects are regularly measured and monitored?

| | % of sites/facilities/operations | Please explain |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Water withdrawals – total volumes | 100% | 100% of Crown's total volume withdrawn is monitored by meters and/or billing. The measurements are constant through watermeters provided by the city or in case of groundwater installed by the company. In some facilities, the water meter readings are done on a daily basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water meters and/or by reviewing billing statements. |
| Water withdrawals – volumes by source | 100% | 100% of Crown's total volume withdrawn is monitored and identified by municipal, surface or groundwater through metering and/or billing. In some facilities the water meter readings are done on a daily basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water meters and/or by reviewing billing statements. |
| Water withdrawals quality | 100% | For Crown's sites that use water in their operation, the incoming water quality is monitored and the data is kept within operational controls. The water used in some parts of our operation requires a specific standard of hardness and conductivity, free acid, pH and temperature. The water at most |



| | | locations is tested once per shift, or three times a day. With that, the quality of the water that goes into the process is always monitored and has to be within the specifications for quality control purposes. In some facilities water quality is analysed on a daily or more frequent basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water lab results and/or reports provided by local agencies. |
|--|------|---|
| Water discharges – total volumes | 100% | All Crown's plants that require a wastewater treatment system have records of wastewater quantity and quality discharged. The effluent parameters meet local compliance requirements. The plants that discharge directly to municipal waste water treatment system comply with the municipal discharge requirements as well. In some facilities the wastewater meter readings are done on a daily basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water meters and/or by reviewing billing statements. |
| Water discharges – volumes by destination | 100% | The facilities that discharge into rivers have their volumes in 100% compliance with their permits. Crown has 14 sites that discharge water into rivers and 1 site that discharges in the ocean. 7% of plants discharge to rivers (and ocean) and 93% discharge to municipal waste water treatment plants. Data regarding wastewater volumes and discharge destination is tracked and recorded at the plant level and controlled at regional and corporate level. Crown teams work every day to improve the accuracy of the volumes read. In some facilities the wastewater meter readings are done on a daily basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water meters. |
| Water discharges – volumes by treatment method | 100% | Crown's wastewater is treated according to the type of manufacturing processes and local discharge ordinances. 30% of plants treat wastewater using an on-site wastewater treatment system, 52% send wastewater to municipal wastewater treatment plants, 18% do not use water in production processes and so their only effluent is sewage water discharged to |



| | | the sewage system. In some facilities, the wastewater meter readings are done on a daily basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water meters and/or by reviewing billing statements. |
|---|-------|---|
| Water discharge quality – by standard effluent parameters | 100% | All plants manage discharge parameters required by the local regulations, according to the type of wastewater treatment used and discharge location. Plants that treat wastewater on-site monitor at minimum, BOD and COD parameters, in addition to other parameters required locally. In some facilities water quality is analyzed on a daily or more frequent basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing water lab results and/or reports provided by local agencies. |
| Water discharge quality – temperature | 100% | By the nature of our manufacturing process, our facilities do not yield high temperature water upon discharge. Wastewater discharge temperatures comply with local regulation. In some facilities water temperature is analyzed on a daily or more frequent basis, in others it is a monthly or annual basis, by reviewing on site analysis and reports provided by local agencies. |
| Water consumption – total volume | 100% | All of Crown sites keep track of their total water inputs. Municipal, groundwater, rain and surface water VOLUMES are monitored. Consumption is normally reviewed on a half- yearly and yearly basis by reviewing the withdrawal and discharge data provided by the sites individually. |
| Water recycled/reused | 26-50 | Crown recycles/reuses water in all the beverage production plants and is some of its Transit Packaging sites. The amount of recycled water in our operations has increased ever since the launch of our Twentyby30 program. One example is our site in Karawang, where the site is utilizing the rejected water from RO water processing. For 2021, Crown sites that recycle/reuse water at the ratio selected (from 26-50%) represent approximately 89% of our the volume of water withdrawn in 2021. This is done annually by assessing the volume of water that is reused over the volume of the water withdrawn that year. |



| The provision of fully- | 100% | Crown offers clean water access, sanitation and |
|-------------------------|------|---|
| functioning, safely | | hygiene to all of its employees globally. Crown |
| managed WASH | | has set a goal to verify access to WASH |
| services to all | | annually and the information is verified annually |
| workers | | by internal audits. |

W1.2b

(W1.2b) What are the total volumes of water withdrawn, discharged, and consumed across all your operations, and how do these volumes compare to the previous reporting year?

| | Volume (megaliters/year) | Comparison with previous reporting year | Please explain |
|----------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Total withdrawals | 9,116.3 | Lower | Crown divested part of our operations in 2021. We have since re-baselined our water usage to account for this. The 2020 withdrawal volume reported to CDP of 9,499.55 megaliters for the previous year included the since-divested business. Rebaselining this figure to account for the removal of the divested business yields a 2020 total withdrawal of 9,270.11 megaliters. 2020 reported CDP - 9,499.55 megaliters 2020 after divestment - 9,270.11 megaliters. 2021 after divestment - 9,116.3 megaliters |
| Total discharges | 6,439.54 | Lower | Crown divested part of our operations in 2021. We have since re-baselined our water usage to account for this. The 2020 discharge volume reported to CDP of 7,292.94 megaliters for the previous year included the since-divested business. Rebaselining this figure to account for the removal of the divested business yields a 2020 total discharge of 7,070.38 megalitres. 2020 reported CDP - 7,292.94 2020 after divestment - 7,070.38 megaliters. 2021 after divestment - 6,439.54 megaliters |
| Total consumption | 2,676.75 | Higher | The volume consumed in 2020 was 2,199.732 megaliters, this figure accounts with the removal of the divested business. Crown has opened in the last year two new beverage sites and expanded its production in some of its existing ones; adding lines, for example. In addition, |



| there are new initiatives to increase the amount |
|--|
| of water recirculated within our process, which |
| has generated less discharge. Crown has also |
| been putting forth efforts to improve the |
| accuracy on reading of the volumes discharged |
| by making sure all sites have a wastewater |
| meter. This accounts for some of the increasing |
| consumption over prior years as we are |
| continuing to improve our processes and rely on |
| more accurate data. |

W1.2d

(W1.2d) Indicate whether water is withdrawn from areas with water stress and provide the proportion.

| | Withdrawals are from areas with water stress | Please explain |
|----------|--|--|
| Row 1 | Yes | For 2021 the amount of water withdrawn from areas with water stress was 2,654.39 megaliters , 29% of the total amount withdrawn by Crown that year. For 2020, 2,376.77 megaliters were withdrawn from areas with water stress, corresponding to 26% of the total water withdrawn that year. One of our site in Mexico had its water scarcity status move from LOW to EXTREMELY - HIGH water stressed area, which also accounts for the increase. This figure is for Crown 2020 without the divested business. |

W1.2h

(W1.2h) Provide total water withdrawal data by source.

| | Relevance | Volume (megaliters/year) | Comparison with previous reporting year | Please explain |
|---|-----------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Fresh surface water, including rainwater, water from wetlands, rivers, and lakes | Relevant | 783.81 | Higher | For 2020 the volume of surface water withdrawn was 780.24 megaliters excluding the divested business. For 2021 the volume was 783.81 megaliters excluding the divested business. |



| Brackish surface water/Seawater | Not relevant | | | Crown does not use this type of water source. |
|------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|------------|--|
| Groundwater – renewable | Relevant | 2,011.88 | Higher | For the year of 2020, excluding the divested business, the volume of Groundwater withdrawn was 1,955.13 megalitres. |
| Groundwater – non- renewable | Not relevant | | | Crown does not use this type of water source. |
| Produced/Entrained water | Not relevant | | | Crown does not use this type of water source. |
| Third party sources | Relevant | 6,320.61 | Much lower | For the year of 2020 the amount of water withdrawn from third party sources was 6,534.74 megaliters excludinng the divested business. Our plants are working in reducing water usage by eliminating leaks and losses. |

W1.2i

(W1.2i) Provide total water discharge data by destination.

| | Relevance | Volume (megaliters/year) | Comparison with previous reporting year | Please explain |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Fresh surface water | Relevant | 851.24 | Lower | For 2020, the estimated volume of water discharged in rivers was - 1,139.49 megalitres. Our operation is working on projects of water recirculation that causes both, withdrawal and discharge to reduce. Through the seasonal temperature variations, evaporation rates can change with temperatures and times of operation as well as due to stops in the production process due to multiple reasons, leading to less |



| | | | | discharge. The reported figures exclude the divested business. |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------|--------|--|
| Brackish surface water/seawater | Relevant | 107.31 | Higher | For 2020 the estimated volume of water discharged by the one site Crown has which discharges into seawater was 74.7 megalitres. The site has increased its production capacity. The figures exclude the divested business. |
| Groundwater | Not relevant | | | Crown does not discharge water to groundwater sources. |
| Third-party destinations | Relevant | 5,480.99 | Lower | For 2020 the estimated volume of water discharged by Crown in third- parties was 5,856.20 megaliters excluding the divested business. Our plants are working on recirculating water within the process, decreasing withdrawal and discharge levels. |

W1.2j

(W1.2j) Within your direct operations, indicate the highest level(s) to which you treat your discharge.

| | Relevance of treatment level to discharge | Volume (megaliters/year) | Comparison of treated volume with previous reporting year | % of your sites/facilities/operations this volume applies to | Please explain |
|------------------------|---|-----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Tertiary treatment | Relevant | 5,760.6 | Lower | 21-30 | In 2020 the estimated amount of water treated onsite via Wastewater Treatment System was 6,214.68 megaliters. |
| Secondary treatment | Not relevant | | | | Our processes do not |



| Primary treatment only | Relevant | 5.66 | Much lower | 1-10 | include a plant with secondary treatment onsite. In 2020, 96.4 megaliters were treated by |
|---|-----------------|--------|------------|-------|---|
| | | | | | primary treatment only. |
| Discharge to the natural environment without treatment | Not relevant | | | | Crown do not discharge water in the river without treatment. |
| Discharge to a third party without treatment | Relevant | 554.12 | Lower | 51-60 | Sewage for 2020 was 794.85 megaliters. In 2020 the estimated amount of water discharged to a third party without a treatment was 794.85 megalitres, 13% of the total volume discharged. |
| Other | Relevant | 119.16 | Lower | 21-30 | In 2020, the estimated amount of water |



| | | discharged |
|--|--|-------------|
| | | to sewage |
| | | was 154.34 |
| | | megalitres. |

W1.3

(W1.3) Provide a figure for your organization's total water withdrawal efficiency.

| | Revenue | Total water withdrawal volume (megaliters) | Total water withdrawal efficiency | Anticipated forward trend |
|----------|----------------|---|---|---|
| Row 1 | 11,394,000,000 | 9,116.3 | 1,249,849.17126466 | Our anticipated forward trend of water withdrawl efficiency is to continue to improve the withdrawal efficiency as we continue to improve our best practices surrounding water management, and require less water, additionally, as we continue to invest in water savings projects. |

W1.4

(W1.4) Do you engage with your value chain on water-related issues?

Yes, our customers or other value chain partners

W1.4c

(W1.4c) What is your organization's rationale and strategy for prioritizing engagements with customers or other partners in its value chain?

Crown prioritizes regulatory and customer engagement and requests and then focuses on partners in our value chain.

W2. Business impacts

W2.1

(W2.1) Has your organization experienced any detrimental water-related impacts? No

W2.2

(W2.2) In the reporting year, was your organization subject to any fines, enforcement orders, and/or other penalties for water-related regulatory violations?

No



W3. Procedures

W3.3

(W3.3) Does your organization undertake a water-related risk assessment? Yes, water-related risks are assessed

W3.3a

(W3.3a) Select the options that best describe your procedures for identifying and assessing water-related risks.

Value chain stage

Direct operations

Coverage

Full

Risk assessment procedure

Other, please specify

Crown updates a complete list of physical quantity water-related risk through the WRI Aqueduct, identifying the sites located in areas with High and Extremely-high water stress that will be subject to water savings and replenishment projects.

Frequency of assessment

Annually

How far into the future are risks considered?

More than 6 years

Type of tools and methods used

Tools on the market

Tools and methods used

EcoVadis SEDEX WRI Aqueduct

Contextual issues considered

Water availability at a basin/catchment level Water regulatory frameworks Access to fully-functioning, safely managed WASH services for all employees

Stakeholders considered

Employees Investors Local communities Crown Holdings CDP Water Security Questionnaire 2022 Thursday, July 28, 2022



Regulators

Other water users at the basin/catchment level

Comment

Crown takes into consideration the water availability for the community and the business as well as its efficient water usage ratio. This issue is not relevant to specific organizational levels, but rather applies to our entire organization. With that, Crown is targeting to reduce water usage and replenish the consumption levels to the watersheds located in areas with water stress. The identification of sites are done using the WRI Aqueduct tool. This first identification help to conduce the following steps that are identifying the sites and its basins and finding a partner for water replenishment projects in that area. One example is our fist project held in Brazil, replenishing water to the Tiete Basin through a nature based solution. In addition, for each new site, flood risks are assessed with help of a third party. Our risk assessment includes regulators, local communities and other water users at the basin/catchment level because our beverage sites engage with the local agencies and prior to opening the site has all the permit regarding water withdrawal and discharge, which involves not compromising local communities and other water users. Our risk assessment includes monitoring current and emerging regulation. Our risk assessment includes employees for the very reason of their employment and also in keeping with our WASH goals. Our risk assessment considers investors as a stakeholder group because we have open dialogue with some of our investors around our water goals and performance, including discussions related to water-stress.

Value chain stage

Supply chain

Coverage

Partial

Risk assessment procedure

Other, please specify

Frequency of assessment Not defined

How far into the future are risks considered?

1 to 3 years

Type of tools and methods used

Tools on the market

Tools and methods used

WRI Aqueduct

Contextual issues considered

Water availability at a basin/catchment level Other, please specify



We ask to our supply chain the 14001 certification.

Stakeholders considered

Employees Local communities Other water users at the basin/catchment level

Comment

Crown assesses water related risks within our supply chain to ensure there is no risk of business interruption due to supply chain availability. This issue is not relevant to specific organizational levels, but rather applies to our supply chain as a whole. Crown access our supply chain sites through WRI Aqueduct tool and identify the physical water stress of the basins these sites are located.

W3.3b

(W3.3b) Describe your organization's process for identifying, assessing, and responding to water-related risks within your direct operations and other stages of your value chain.

Crown assesses water related risks within our direct operations to ensure there is availability of quality supply for our operations. On its direct operations, Crown assesses water-related risks at a local level through undertaking a desktop assessment of water availability using WRI's Water Aqueduct. This first risk assessment helps the company to prioritize the areas to be subject to our water stress specific goal (water replenishment projects) and work to minimize the impact so Crown and the stakeholders goals can be met. On top of that, the ISO 14001 certification contemplates a map of environmental aspects and impacts where water is included. The SEDEX and EcoVadis assessments also contemplate and assess our sites processes for identifying and responding to water-related risks within our direct operations. and we work to close out any gaps found in those audits. At a site level, operational management has a specific budget to help ensure compliance with these standards. It includes risks, water quantity or quality are assigned to an Engineer on site or a third party to make sure the matter is taken care of. Most recently Crown had a global screening done by a third party that includes a ranking on the production sites based on overall water stress risk and the results from the individual water indicators. It counts also with a global map with the location of the production sites, the boundary of the relevant watersheds/catchments and the results from the water risk indicators. Crown also engage with the above stakeholders to take into consideration their influence and potential collaboration with Crown's plants locally.

W4. Risks and opportunities

W4.1

(W4.1) Have you identified any inherent water-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes, only within our direct operations



W4.1a

(W4.1a) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Crown's Risk Management team assesses financial and strategic impacts on the business on at least an annual basis and water is one of the named identified assessed risks. A quantifiable financial indicator used at Crown to define substantive impact is any identified risk with a potential impact that could result in over \$1 million in operational costs. Crown defines substantive financial or strategic impact on our business as anything that substantively affects customer or consumer demand of our products. Additionally, we evaluate financial or strategic impacts as being substantive, based on our assessment of the likelihood that a risk event could impact the organization, the velocity or how quickly it will affect the organization, and the potential severity of the impact.

W4.1b

(W4.1b) What is the total number of facilities exposed to water risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business, and what proportion of your company-wide facilities does this represent?

| | Total number of facilities exposed to water risk | % company- wide facilities this represents | Comment |
|----------|---|--|---|
| Row 1 | | Unknown | While we utilize WRI's Water Aqueduct to identify whether there is water-stress in our facilities, we are still in-progress of determining whether there is the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on our business due to such or potential other factors. |

W4.1c

(W4.1c) By river basin, what is the number and proportion of facilities exposed to water risks that could have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business, and what is the potential business impact associated with those facilities?

W4.2

(W4.2) Provide details of identified risks in your direct operations with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business, and your response to those risks.



W4.2c

(W4.2c) Why does your organization not consider itself exposed to water risks in its value chain (beyond direct operations) with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact?

| | Primary reason | Please explain |
|-----|-------------------|--|
| Row | Evaluation in | Crown is currently in-process of continuing our evaluation of suppliers to map |
| 1 | progress | their water footprint and understand where its supply chain is potentially |
| | | exposed to substantive financial or strategic impact. |

W4.3

(W4.3) Have you identified any water-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

Yes, we have identified opportunities, and some/all are being realized

W4.3a

(W4.3a) Provide details of opportunities currently being realized that could have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business.

Type of opportunity

Efficiency

Primary water-related opportunity

Other, please specify Decrease water consumption

Company-specific description & strategy to realize opportunity

Crown has set a goal to reduce its water use by 20% by 2025. The company's main strategy to achieve this goal include the below actions, which are already underway globally:

- Measure, monitor and report water consumption company-wide
- Identify and eliminate losses and leaks
- Install flowmeters to measure and report water consumption and enhance water conservation
- Increase wastewater systems' efficiency
- Identify and incentivize water re-use opportunities
- Identify, benchmark and replicate water use efficiency best practices

Here are examples of how our plants implement water efficiency locally:

-A full maintenance calendar is set up for the year, that includes piping, tanks and utilities area, site and equipment.

-Adjustments in the water nozzles regarding angles and pressure.



-Oil - water separator - washers have a coalescer on their washers. -Fixing leaks in pipes and washer tanks.

One example is our Jordan plant that focused on washer improvements, replacing nozzles and installing new shutoff valves. Employees were also encouraged to activate the manufacturing line's standby mode when not in use. Other changes included installing new pumps for wastewater treatment and variable frequency drives in the facility's cooling towers to reduce energy and water usage. These multiple changes allowed for a reduction in water consumption by more than 2.5 million gallons in 2020, which is especially crucial in this water-scarce region. We aim to replicate this in the full operational region.

Estimated timeframe for realization

More than 6 years

Magnitude of potential financial impact

Low-medium

- Are you able to provide a potential financial impact figure? Yes, a single figure estimate
- Potential financial impact figure (currency) 25,000
- Potential financial impact figure minimum (currency)

Potential financial impact figure - maximum (currency)

Explanation of financial impact

The financial impact figure provided is for our Jordan plant. The cost of water in the facility is \$0.008 USD per gallon. The financial impact figures comes from the amount of water saved multiplied the price of water. The estimated figure corresponds to savings for a 1 year period of time however the company aims to keep these savings and improvements a constant. With the implementation of the Twentyby30 project the goal is to implement water savings as a culture of the company in the long haul.

W6. Governance

W6.1

(W6.1) Does your organization have a water policy?

Yes, we have a documented water policy that is publicly available



W6.1a

(W6.1a) Select the options that best describe the scope and content of your water policy.

| | Scope | Content | Please explain |
|----------|------------------|--|---|
| Row 1 | Company- wide | Company water targets and goals Commitment to align with public policy initiatives, such as the SDGs Commitments beyond regulatory compliance Commitment to water- related innovation Commitment to stakeholder awareness and education Commitment to water stewardship and/or collective action Commitment to safely managed Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) in the workplace Recognition of environmental linkages, for example, due to climate change | Crown address its global company-wide water commitment at many levels, internally and externally. In our sustainability report, we acknowledge the importance of water for the company to continue to thrive as well as the impacts of climate change in the current and future world scenario. Through our public goals contained in our Twentyby30 sustainability program, we consistently disclose the company's water commitments and goals. Our sustainability goals span topics from water savings, SDG alignment, WASH in the workplace, stakeholder awareness and education, to commitments beyond regulatory compliance such as water replenishment projects in watershed located in high water stress. These goals are publicly-available online on Crown's Website, along with Crown's Environmental Sustainability Policy posted in our website at crowncork.com. |

U ¹Twentyby30brochure.pdf

W6.2

(W6.2) Is there board level oversight of water-related issues within your organization? $$_{\mbox{Yes}}$$

W6.2a

(W6.2a) Identify the position(s) (do not include any names) of the individual(s) on the board with responsibility for water-related issues.

| Position of | Please explain |
|-------------|----------------|
| individual | |



Board-level Crown's Board of Directs Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has responsibilities in its charter to: Periodically review and assess the Company's environmental, social, and governance programs, policies, and practices and make recommendations to the Board in furtherance of the sustainable growth of the Company's businesses. Sustainability is integral to the Company's business strategy. The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has general oversight of the Company's sustainability efforts pursuant to its Committee charter and the Audit Committee oversees ESG disclosures and reporting as set forth in its charter. We manage our business with ESG woven throughout our strategy – focusing on our people, our supply chain and our use of natural resources. This focus has enabled us to reduce our overall water consumption.

W6.2b

| | Frequency that water-related issues are a scheduled agenda item | Governance mechanisms into which water-related issues are integrated | Please explain |
|----------|---|--|---|
| Row 1 | Scheduled - some meetings | Monitoring implementation and performance Reviewing and guiding business plans Reviewing and guiding major plans of action Reviewing and guiding strategy Reviewing and guiding corporate responsibility strategy | Crown's Board of Directs Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has responsibilities in its charter to: Periodically review and assess the Company's environmental, social, and governance programs, policies, and practices and make recommendations to the Board in furtherance of the sustainable growth of the Company's businesses. Sustainability is integral to the Company's business strategy. The Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee has general oversight of the Company's sustainability efforts pursuant to its Committee charter and the Audit Committee oversees ESG disclosures and reporting as set forth in its charter. We manage our business with ESG woven throughout our strategy – focusing on our people, our supply chain and our use of natural resources. This focus has enabled us to reduce our overall water consumption. |

(W6.2b) Provide further details on the board's oversight of water-related issues.

W6.2d

(W6.2d) Does your organization have at least one board member with competence on water-related issues?

| Board member(s) | Primary reason for | Explain why your organization does not have |
|-----------------|--------------------|---|
| have competence | no board-level | at least one board member with competence |

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| | on water-related issues | competence on water-related issues | on water-related issues and any plans to address board-level competence in the future |
|----------|---|--|--|
| Row 1 | No, but we plan to address this within the next two years | Important but not an immediate priority | This is an important objective, especially as the importance of water continues to grow in our company, and this is something we aim to address within the next two years while we also aim to add competence to our Board for climate to align with TCFD. |

W6.3

(W6.3) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for water-related issues (do not include the names of individuals).

Name of the position(s) and/or committee(s)

Other, please specify

Corporate Sustainability Committee, chaired by the Vice-President of Global Sustainability and with the Chief Operating Officer as a committee member.

Responsibility

Frequency of reporting to the board on water-related issues Half-yearly

Please explain

W6.4

(W6.4) Do you provide incentives to C-suite employees or board members for the management of water-related issues?

| | Provide incentives for management of water-related issues | Comment |
|----------|---|---|
| Row 1 | Yes | Our Board of Director selects and controls the compensation of the Chief Executive Officer and is additionally evaluated by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee (NCGC). In 2020, the NCGC evaluated the CEO's performance and Crown's performance while considering overall financial, operational, and strategic results. For example, the NCGC has continued to evaluate key sustainability areas that are considered essential to increase shareholder value, such as our current commitment to efficiently manage and conserve resources and bring innovative products to market. |



| | In 2021, additional objectives were added into the CEO's |
|--|--|
| | compensation structure, which includes achieving our Twentyby30 |
| | program. Within the twenty goals of the Twentyby30 program there are |
| | four goals that are water-related. Performance in meeting these four |
| | water-related objectives is a key consideration in the evaluation of our |
| | CEO's compensation. |
| | |
| | |

W6.4a

(W6.4a) What incentives are provided to C-suite employees or board members for the management of water-related issues (do not include the names of individuals)?

| | Role(s) entitled to incentive | Performance indicator | Please explain |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Monetary reward | Board chair Chief Executive Officer (CEO) Chief Financial Officer (CFO) Chief Operating Officer (COO) | Reduction of water withdrawals Reduction in consumption volumes Improvements in efficiency - direct operations Implementation of employee awareness campaign or training program Supply chain engagement Increased access to workplace WASH Implementation of water-related community project | Crown Holding's Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chairman of the Board (COB) is the individual responsible for oversight of water-related issues. The CEO/COB is primarily responsible for overseeing the Company's Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee, which is tasked with collecting and managing information to better inform Crown's sustainability strategy, as well as regularly updating the Board of Directors on relevant activities and recommendations. The CEO/COB is also responsible for the final review of Crown's annual CDP responses and Sustainability Report, which provides insight into how the company is managing water-related risks and opportunities as well as other components of Crown's sustainability program. While Crown managers and employees that are more directly involved with day-to-day operations drive progress at a more granular level, we understand that it is critical to have executive leadership support of our sustainability program. As an example of a water-related decision made in 2021, our CEO and then-President approved our first water-replenishment project related to our Water replenishment goal in areas with water stress. In addition, the Chief Operating Office (COO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) approves the annual budget for sustainability and capital expenditures (CAPEX) for water savings/efficiency projects. |



| Non- | Other, | Improvements in | Through our Chairman's Sustainability Award |
|----------|---------------|---------------------|--|
| monetary | please | efficiency - direct | program, Crown rewards our operational facilities for |
| reward | specify | operations | making efficiency improvements in their facilities. In |
| | Other, please | | the past, applicants to this award program have |
| | | specify | submitted for awards based on water savings. |

W6.5

(W6.5) Do you engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence public policy on water through any of the following?

Yes, trade associations

W6.5a

(W6.5a) What processes do you have in place to ensure that all of your direct and indirect activities seeking to influence policy are consistent with your water policy/water commitments?

Crown, a member of the industry association, Can Manufacturers Institute (CMI), has indirectly supported public education on the topic of chemicals in food products. CMI has worked to directly influence lawmakers regarding public policy touching issues of water quality. For example, in 2021 in the United States, CMI provided direct feedback to the State of Washington Department of Ecology regarding public policy that the State of Washington is considering enacting which evaluates products that are significant sources of exposure to people and the environment.

W6.6

(W6.6) Did your organization include information about its response to water-related risks in its most recent mainstream financial report?

Yes (you may attach the report - this is optional)

■ 2020_CROWN_ANNUAL_REPORT.pdf

 \mathcal{P} The information can be found on page 40 out of 132.

W7. Business strategy

W7.1

(W7.1) Are water-related issues integrated into any aspects of your long-term strategic business plan, and if so how?

| Are water- | Long- | Please explain |
|----------------|-----------|----------------|
| related issues | term time | |
| integrated? | horizon | |
| | (years) | |



| Long-term | Yes, water- | 5-10 | Crown's water risks are considered during long term |
|--|---|------|---|
| objectives | related issues are integrated | | business planning because we need to have an understanding of water-related risk such as flooding or water availability for the business when planning long- term business objectives as water is a raw material used in our production processes. Our strategy has been influenced by the water issue of potential water scarcity and so we integrate this risk into our long term business objectives. Water risks such as flooding, cost of water and availability of water are assessed when determining placement of new facilities and type of equipment to be placed within those locations. |
| Strategy for achieving long-term objectives | Yes, water- related issues are integrated | 5-10 | Crown recently launched the Twentyby30 sustainability program which boasts 20 sustainability goals for the Company to achieve by the year 2030. Of 20 goals, water related issues make up four of them. One example is the 100% replenishment of the water consumed in our operations back to high scarcity risk watersheds. Crown is currently engaging with partners and through others including nature-based solutions for water replenishment, have the ambition to have this goal achieved by 2030. |
| Financial planning | Yes, water- related issues are integrated | 5-10 | Water related issues are integrated into financial planning. Water costs and water scarcity/availability are assessed when determining placement of new facilities and type of equipment to be placed within those locations. Potential water savings projects are evaluated each year and the CAPEX financial planning process. Each year a number of water related projects are funded. In addition Crown does rely on raw materials to run the business and one of them is water. |

W7.2

(W7.2) What is the trend in your organization's water-related capital expenditure (CAPEX) and operating expenditure (OPEX) for the reporting year, and the anticipated trend for the next reporting year?

Row 1

Water-related CAPEX (+/- % change) -60

Anticipated forward trend for CAPEX (+/- % change) 660



Water-related OPEX (+/- % change)

14

Anticipated forward trend for OPEX (+/- % change)

-12

Please explain

The trend from the prior reporting year to the current reporting year's sustainability CAPEX is -60% for the amount spent on water-related CAPEX. The anticipated forward trend for sustainability CAPEX is +660% for the amount spent on water-related CAPEX. The CAPEX figures presented are inclusive of our global operations.

The OPEX expenditure includes water supply costs, and does not include: permit renewals, wetland protection, water quality testing and associated treatment, consulting services, maintenance or disposal. These OPEX figures represent trends from one of our operational divisions. We intend to capture these OPEX costs company-wide for our next disclosure. Regarding the trend, we anticipate there being some change to this, as-discussed, these figures represent one of our divisions and there is company-growth to be accounted for.

W7.3

| \ - | | | | | | |
|------------|-----|--------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | | Use of scenario analysis | Comment | | | |
| R 1 | low | Yes | Crown completed its first disclosures to the Task Force on Climate-Related Disclosures (TCFD) in the reporting year. We are exploring options to expand our water analysis so that we may develop resilient and adaptive strategies for a low-carbon business model. We currently utilize WRI Aqueduct modelling tool and are evaluating other options to get a more robust quantitative scenario analysis. We also quantified the carbon impact of our water usage this year for the first time. We will also be using scenario analysis to identify whereby new technologies can offer increased resilience to our business model. | | | |

(W7.3) Does your organization use scenario analysis to inform its business strategy?

W7.3a

(W7.3a) Provide details of the scenario analysis, what water-related outcomes were identified, and how they have influenced your organization's business strategy.

| | Type of scenario analysis used | Parameters, assumptions, analytical choices | Description of possible water- related outcomes | Influence on business strategy |
|-----|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| Row | Water- | In-line with Crown's | We assumed the following: | The result of the water-related and |
| 1 | related | Twentyby30 program, | • Carbon prices will be in place by | |



| Climate- | our current scenario | 2030, operating within tax and/or | climate-related |
|----------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|
| related | analysis focuses on a | emissions trading frameworks and | scenario analysis was |
| | 9-year time horizon, in | apply to the manufacturing industry, | a general recognition |
| | line with our target | and vary based on global location | of potential impact |
| | year for our current | • Energy demand continues to rise | that climate change |
| | Corporate | and improvements are made for | may have on all |
| | sustainability targets. | both supply and end-use; there will | aspects of the |
| | As an initial analysis, it | still be a mix of | business including |
| | is primarily qualitative | coal/oil/gas/nuclear/renewables but | water risks and |
| | with some quantitative | the ratio of green to brown energy | confirmed the critical |
| | considerations, and | should favor green energy | need to make |
| | the scope includes the | Commodity pricing reflect | investments to reach |
| | entire organization. | standard inflation; higher pricing of | the 1.5°C target. The |
| | Both qualitative and | our own products due to market | results can be used to |
| | quantitative scenario | demand trends and less availability | support what the Risk |
| | analysis is used. | of current raw materials such as | Management team is |
| | Current scenario | water | already doing in |
| | analysis is based on | Macro-economic and | terms of assessing |
| | the RCP2.6 RCP8.5 | demographic variables remain flat | new developments in |
| | concentration pathway | and geographical tailoring remain | any region or |
| | modelling as our | at 2021 rate | business unit. |
| | selected modelling. | • Level of policy movement remains | Considering the |
| | | similar to now, with some additional | potential damage to |
| | | climate-related policies | our facilities from |
| | | Sea level and Temperature | extreme weather |
| | | changes based on available | effects showed that if |
| | | RCP2.6 RCP8.5 concentration | sea levels and |
| | | pathway modelling | temperatures rise |
| | | | enough, some |
| | | | facilities could |
| | | | significantly be |
| | | | affected. We focused |
| | | | on physical risks in |
| | | | our current, initial |
| | | | scenario analysis, but |
| | | | are currently actively |
| | | | assessing how |
| | | | transitional risks and |
| | | | our developments to |
| | | | mitigate the risks may |
| | | | impact the future of |
| | | | the Company |
| | | | and Company. |

W7.4

(W7.4) Does your company use an internal price on water?



Row 1

Does your company use an internal price on water? No, but we are currently exploring water valuation practices

Please explain

W7.5

(W7.5) Do you classify any of your current products and/or services as low water impact?

| | Products and/or services classified as low water impact | Please explain |
|----------|---|---|
| Row 1 | No, but we plan to address this within the next two years | Crown has been focusing on other parts of its water management strategy and while this is an important exercise, it is not an immediate business priority. This is something we plan to address within the next two years. |

W8. Targets

W8.1

(W8.1) Describe your approach to setting and monitoring water-related targets and/or goals.

| | Levels for targets and/or goals | Monitoring at corporate level | Approach to setting and monitoring targets and/or goals |
|----------|--|--|---|
| Row 1 | Company- wide targets and goals Site/facility specific targets and/or goals Basin specific targets and/or goals | Targets are monitored at the corporate level Goals are monitored at the corporate level | Through our Twentyby30 sustainability program, we have company-wide targets and goals which are cascaded down through the regional and site/facility specific level. Goals and targets are monitored at a corporate and regional level through the use of roadmaps. The four water-related goals within the Twentyby30 program include the following: - Reduce water usage in our operations by 20% by 2025. - Maintain a 100% track record of meeting local wastewater standards. - Ensure all employees have continued access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene. Specific to our Twentyby30 goal of water replenishment, we have a specific goal to replenish water withdrawn from water- stressed basins and that goal is as follows: |



| | -Replenish 100% of the water consumed in our operations |
|--|---|
| | back to high scarcity risk watersheds. |

W8.1a

(W8.1a) Provide details of your water targets that are monitored at the corporate level, and the progress made.

Target reference number

Target 1

Category of target

Water withdrawals

Level

Company-wide

Primary motivation

Reduced environmental impact

Description of target

Crown is committed to reduce its water usage with a 2019 baseline in 20% by 2025. This goal is important to Crown because we acknowledge there is a potential lack of future of water supply and we are doing our part to maintain our operations while using less water.

Quantitative metric

% reduction in total water withdrawals

Baseline year

2019

Start year 2020

Target year 2025

% of target achieved

3.3

Please explain

Crown has experienced significant growth and has built and is in the process of building new production sites. Even so, last year, we reduced our overall water consumption by 3.3% using the 2019 baseline.

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Target 2

Category of target

Water pollution reduction

Level

Company-wide

Primary motivation

Reduced environmental impact

Description of target

Maintain a 100% track record of meeting local wastewater standards, measured annually. This goal is important to Crown not only to maintain our operating permits which are often dependent on our meeting strict wastewater quality standards, but also is important to us in terms of maintaining the water cycle in the communities in which we operate.

Quantitative metric

Other, please specify Meet the local wastewater standard and make sure they are recorded.

Baseline year

2019

Start year

2020

Target year

2025

% of target achieved

100

Please explain

Last year Crown had no penalties due to non- compliance with water quality discharge. Crown monitors this compliance on a site, regional and corporate level to ensure compliance.

Target reference number

Target 3

Category of target

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH) services in the workplace

Level

Company-wide

Primary motivation

Corporate social responsibility



Description of target

Ensure all employees have continued access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene. This goal is important to Crown because we value our employees and understand the importance of the health of our employees is a key contributor to our company success.

Quantitative metric

Proportion of employees using safely managed sanitation services, including a handwashing facility with soap and water

Baseline year 2019

Start year 2020

Target year 2025

% of target achieved

100

Please explain

Crown is committed to ensuring all employees have continued access to safe water, sanitation and hygiene to ensure continued access to WASH for all employees. Crown surveys its facilities on a global scale every year to ensure compliance.

W8.1b

(W8.1b) Provide details of your water goal(s) that are monitored at the corporate level and the progress made.

Goal

Watershed remediation and habitat restoration, ecosystem preservation

Level

Company-wide

Motivation

Increase freshwater availability for users/natural environment within the basin

Description of goal

By 2030 have 100% of the water consumed replenished back to high scarcity risk watersheds. This goal is important to Crown because we recognise the potential risk of water availability and want to do our part to balance our water usage in order to ensure adequate supply for years to come. This is important not only to the business but also to the local community and ecosystem in the catchment-basin.

Baseline year

2019

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Start year

2020

End year

2030

Progress

In 2021 Crown signed a partnership with The Nature Conservancy for a water replenishment Project in Brazil. The Sao Paulo Water fund project consists on the preservation of 100 hectares of forest. The forest preservation raises the rate of water infiltration and promotes the replenishment of the watershed . The activities are developed in order to contribute to replenish the Tiete basin. We have already begun to source proposals for water replenishment projects to cover our operations in other parts of the globe.

W9. Verification

W9.1

(W9.1) Do you verify any other water information reported in your CDP disclosure (not already covered by W5.1a)?

Yes

Crown Holdings Inc - CY2021 CDP Verification Statement Final V01 issued 20220721.pdf

W9.1a

(W9.1a) Which data points within your CDP disclosure have been verified, and which standards were used?

| Disclosure module | Data verified | Verification standard | Please explain |
|----------------------|---|---|---|
| W1 Current state | Water discharge by destination | Other, please specify Data is verified by a Third Part Auditor. | Water discharge quality is monitored by the ISO 14001 auditing and also ISO 9001. Local requirements also demand tests via external labs. |
| W1 Current state | Water discharge by quality | Other, please specify Data is verified by a Third part Auditor. | Water discharge quality is monitored by the ISO 14001 auditing and also ISO 9001. Local requirements also demand tests via external labs. |
| W1 Current state | Water withdrawal by source: GROUNDWATER MUNICIPAL SURFACE RAIN | Other, please specify | ISO 14065:2013 "Requirements for Greenhouse Gas Validation and Verification Bodies for use in Accreditation or Other Forms of Recognition" |



W10. Sign off

W-FI

(W-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

W10.1

(W10.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP water response.

| | Job title | Corresponding job category |
|-------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Row 1 | Chief Executive Officer | Chief Executive Officer (CEO) |

W10.2

(W10.2) Please indicate whether your organization agrees for CDP to transfer your publicly disclosed data on your impact and risk response strategies to the CEO Water Mandate's Water Action Hub [applies only to W2.1a (response to impacts), W4.2 and W4.2a (response to risks)].

No

SW. Supply chain module

SW0.1

(SW0.1) What is your organization's annual revenue for the reporting period?

| | Annual revenue |
|-------|----------------|
| Row 1 | 11,394,000,000 |

SW1.1

(SW1.1) Could any of your facilities reported in W5.1 have an impact on a requesting CDP supply chain member?

SW1.2

(SW1.2) Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities?



| | Are you able to provide geolocation data for your facilities? | Comment |
|----------|---|--|
| Row 1 | Yes, for all facilities | We do keep control of our facilities address as well as their geolocation. These geolocations are based on Latitude and Longitude obtained in the WRI Aqueduct Water Risk Atlas. |

SW1.2a

| (SW1. | 2a) Please | provide all | available | geolocation | data for | your facilities. |
|-------|------------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| - | | | | | | |

| Identifier | Latitude | Longitude | Comment |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Agoncillo, SPAIN | 42.43408 | -2.27774 | 42° 26' 2.688" N 2° 16' 39.864" W |
| Alsip, USA | 41.68309 | -87.761918 | 41° 40' 9.9012" N 87° 45' 50.5236" W |
| Alsip Technical Center, USA | 41.68111 | -87.7588 | 41° 40' 51.996" N 87° 45' 31.68" W |
| Bangi, MALAYSIA | 2.935822 | 101.75738 | 2° 55' 38.388" N 101° 46' 5.304" E |
| Barbados, BARBADOS | 13.125633 | -59.45605 | 13° 7' 32.2818" N 59° 27' 21.7974" W |
| Bowling Green, USA | 37.038476 | -86.308733 | 37° 2' 18.5136" N 86° 18' 31.4388" W |
| Bowling Green Technical Center, USA | 37.009259 | -86.388886 | 37° 0' 33.3324" N |



| | | | 86° 23' 19.989" W |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|
| Batesville, USA | 34.344717 | -89.921965 | 34° 20' 40.9812" N 89° 55' 19.074" W |
| Botcherby , UK | 54.88844 | -2.90527 | 54° 53' 18.384" N 2° 54' 18.972" W |
| Belcamp, USA | 39.477228 | -76.232613 | 39° 28' 38.0244" N 76° 13' 57.4068" W |
| Bogota, COLOMBIA | 4.965246 | -73.961133 | 4° 57' 54.8886" S 73° 57' 40.0788" W |
| Bangpoo, THAILAND | 13.56906 | 100.6453 | 13° 34' 8.616" N 100° 38' 43.08" E |
| Braunstone, UK | 52.630962 | -1.19704 | 52° 37' 49.98" N 1° 11' 49.2" W |
| Cabreuva, BRAZIL | - 23.250352 | -47.076388 | 23° 15' 1.2666" N 47° 4' 34.9968" W |
| Calgary, CANADA | 50.987153 | - 113.970542 | 50° 59' 13.7502" N 113° 58' 13.9506" W |
| Cambodia, CAMBODIA | 11.529351 | 104.848509 | 11° 31' 24.816" N 104° 50' |



| | | | 13.6608'' E |
|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|--|
| Cheraw, USA | 34.684445 | -79.891149 | 34° 41' 4.0014" N 79° 53' 28.1358" W |
| Connellsville, USA | 39.995349 | -79.590367 | 39° 59' 43.26" N 79° 35' 25.3242" W |
| Conroe, USA | 30.34404 | -95.472047 | 30° 20' 38.5434" N 96° 28' 19.3692" E |
| Crawfordsville, USA | 40.097048 | -86.942298 | 40° 5' 49.3728" N 86° 56' 32.2722" W |
| Crown Closures Machinery, USA | 39.725924 | 82.627578 | 39° 43' 33.3258" N 82° 37' 39.2838" W |
| Custines, FRANCE | 48.78487 | 6.13801 | 48° 47' 5.532" N 6° 8' 16.836" E |
| Da Nang, VIETNAM | 10.78362 | 106.950699 | 10° 47' 1.032" N 106° 57' 2.5164" E |
| Dammam, SAUDI ARABIA | 26.43928 | 50.09446 | 26° 26' 21.408'' N 50° 5' 40.056'' E |
| Dayton, USA | 39.684709 | -84.222445 | 39° 41' 4.9518" N 84° 13' 20.8014" W |



| Decatur, USA | 39.934831 | -89.076085 | 39° 56' 1.2552'' N 89° 4' 33.8268'' W |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|---|
| Dong Nai, VIETNAM | 10.78362 | 106.950699 | 10° 47' 1.032'' N 106° 57' 2.5164'' E |
| Dubai, UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 25.045655 | 55.13293 | 25° 2' 44.358'' N 55° 7' 58.548'' E |
| Ensenada, MEXICO | 31.874713 | - 116.609248 | 31° 52' 28.9662" N 116° 36' 33.2922" W |
| Estancia, BRAZIL | - 11.123037 | -37.382084 | 11° 7' 22.9332" S 37° 22' 55.5018" W |
| Monterrey Cans , MEXICO | 25.736811 | - 100.316577 | 25° 44' 12.5232" N 100° 18' 59.6766" W |
| Faribault, USA | 44.290949 | -93.29342 | 44° 17' 27.42" N 93° 17' 36.3114" W |
| Goleniow, POLAND | 53.56837 | 14.83553 | 53° 34' 6.132" N 14° 50' 7.908" E |
| Guadalajara, MEXICO | 20.591226 | - 103.279897 | 20° 36' 0.9468" N 103° 16' |



| | | | 39.6582" W |
|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| H-V Industries, USA | 40.135978 | -74.978947 | 40° 8' 9.5238" N 74° 58' 44.2128" W |
| Had Yai Foodcan, THAILAND | 7.002805 | 100.489293 | 7° 0' 10.101" N 100° 29' 21.4584" |
| Hadyai Food Packaging, THAILAND | 6.95806 | 100.55634 | 6° 57' 29.016" N 100° 33' 22.824" E |
| Hangzhou, CHINA | 30.325958 | 120.361757 | 30° 19' 33.4482" N 120° 21' 42.3246" E |
| Hanoi, VIETNAM | 20.866976 | 105.866042 | 20° 52' 1.1136" N 105° 51' 57.7548" E |
| Hanover, USA | 39.832253 | -76.974927 | 39° 49' 56.1108" N 76° 58' 29.7366" W |
| Heshan, CHINA | 22.63483 | 120.84915 | 22° 38' 5.391" N 120° 50' 56.9394" E |
| Indonesia, INDONESIA | -6.2969 | 107.29376 | 6° 17' 48.84" S 107° 17' 37.536" E |
| Izmit, TURKEY | 40.718539 | 30.05741 | 40° 43' 6.7398" N |



| | | | 30° 3' 26.679" E |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Jamaica, JAMAICA | 18.001899 | -76.829841 | 18° 0' 6.8364" N 76° 49' 47.4276" W |
| Jeddah, SAUDI ARABIA | 21.39997 | 39.23897 | 21° 23' 59.892" N 39° 14' 20.292" E |
| Jordan, JORDAN | 31.964094 | 35.902975 | 31° 57' 50.7384" N 35° 54' 10.71" E |
| Kankakee, USA | 41.148898 | -87.849297 | 41° 8' 56.0364" N 87° 50' 57.4692" W |
| Kechnec, SLOVAKIA | 48.54938 | 21.26445 | 48° 32' 57.768" N 21° 15' 52.02" E |
| Khmer Beverage Cans Limited, CAMBODIA | 11.528815 | 104.848745 | 11° 31' 43.7376" N 104° 50' 55.4814" E |
| Korinthos, GREECE | 37.94007 | 22.9513 | 37° 56' 24.2514" N 22° 57' 4.68" E |
| La Villa (Mexico City), MEXICO | 19.466836 | -99.1137 | 19° 28' 0.6132'' N 99° 6' 49.3236'' W |
| Lacrosse, USA | 43.837904 | -91.235043 | 43° 50' 16.4544" N 91° 14' 6.1548" |



| | | | W |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---|
| Carnaud Metalbox, UK | 53.841175 | -1.760323 | 53° 50' 28.2294" N 1° 45' 37.1628" |
| Manaus Ends, BRAZIL | -3.119055 | -59.968754 | 3° 7' 8.5974" S 59° 58' 7.5138 " W |
| Mankato, USA | 44.183156 | -93.990823 | 44° 10' 59.361" N 93° 59' 26.9628" W |
| Massillon, USA | 40.789787 | -81.504605 | 40° 47' 23.2368" N 81° 30' 16.5774" W |
| Midwest Decorating, USA | 41.76459 | -88.227404 | 41° 45' 52.5276" N 88° 13' 38.6544" W |
| Mill Park, USA | 39.729156 | -82.668428 | 39° 43' 44.9616" N 82° 40' 6.3408 W |
| Monterrey End, MEXICO | 25.696284 | - 100.154763 | 25° 41' 46.6254" N 100° 9' 17.1504" W |
| Myanmar, MYANMAR | 16.947772 | 96.199005 | 16° 56' 51.9828" N 96° 11' 56.4174" E |
| Nakhon Pathom, THAILAND | 13.647167 | 100.573187 | 13° 38' 49.8048" N 100° 34' 23.4732" E |

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Т

Т



Т

| Nichols, USA | 42.05623 | -76.32051 | 42° 3' 22.428" N 76° 19' 13.836" W |
|------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| SIVESA Nogales, MEXICO | 18.819448 | -97.160121 | 18° 49' 10.0158" N 97° 9' 36.4356" W |
| Nong Khae, THAILAND | 14.386347 | 100.903645 | 14° 23' 10.8492" N 100° 54' 13.1214" E |
| Olympia, USA | 47.03781 | -122.84695 | 47° 2' 16.116" N 122° 50' 49.02" W |
| Oshkosh, USA | 44.062106 | -88.538113 | 44° 3' 43.5816" N 88° 32' 17.2068" W |
| Osmaniye, TURKEY | 37.007726 | 36.092412 | 37° 0' 27.8172" N 36° 5' 32.6832" E |
| Owatonna, USA | 44.08239 | -93.262306 | 44° 4' 56.604" N 93° 15' 44.3016" W |
| Parma Beverage, ITALY | 44.847979 | 10.364136 | 44° 50' 38.1948" N 10° 22' 3.234" E |
| Patras, GREECE | 38.12954 | 21.63664 | 38° 7' 46.344'' N |



| | | | 21° 38' 11.904" E |
|--------------------------|----------------|------------|---|
| Ponta Grossa, BRAZIL | - 25.189399 | -50.095353 | 25° 11' 21.8364" S 50° 6' 25.92" W |
| Saigon, VIETNAM | 10.842684 | 106.771445 | 10° 50' 45.9846" N 106° 46' 40.8684" E |
| Samrong, THAILAND | 13.647167 | 100.573187 | 13° 38' 49.8048" N 100° 34' 23.4732" E |
| Seattle WH, USA | 47.4401 | -122.25733 | 47° 26' 24.36" N 122° 15' 26.388" W |
| Sevilla, SPAIN | 37.283931 | -5.991686 | 37° 17' 2.1552" N 5° 59' 30.0726" W |
| Sihanoukville, CAMBODIA | 10.625051 | 103.554871 | 10° 37' 14.9232" N 103° 30' 21.9564" E |
| SISA, MEXICO | 17.893643 | -95.037231 | 17° 53' 37.1178" N 95° 2' 14.0316" W |
| SIVESA - Orizaba, MEXICO | 18.841006 | -97.110995 | 18° 50' 27.6252" N 97° 6' 39.5856" W |
| SMP Huiyang, CHINA | 23.152736 | 114.523954 | 23° 9' 9.8496" N 114° 31' |



| | | | 26.2344" E |
|--------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| SMP Shanghai, CHINA | 31.21119 | 121.56355 | 31° 12' 40.284" N 121° 33' 48.78" E |
| SMP Singapore Benoi, SINGAPORE | 1.320488 | 103.68188 | 1° 19' 13.764" N 103° 40' 56.3772" E |
| SMP Tianjin, CHINA | 39.343357 | 117.361649 | 39° 20' 36.0852" N 117° 21' 41.9364" E |
| SMP Vietnam, VIETNAM | 11.39987 | 106.73005 | 11° 23' 59.532" N 106° 43' 48.18" E |
| SMP Zhejiang, CHINA | 30.5804 | 120.61392 | 30° 34' 49.44" N 120° 36' 50.112" E |
| SMP Shanghai | 31.21119 | 121.56355 | 31° 12' 40.284" N 121° 33' 48.78" E |
| Spartanburg, USA | 34.973717 | -81.933138 | 34° 58' 25.3812" N 81° 55' 59.2968" W |
| Suffolk, USA | 36.7689 | -76.54041 | 36° 46' 8.04" N 76° 32' 25.476" W |
| Sugarland (Fort Bend), USA | 29.638364 | -95.612032 | 29° 38' 18.1098'' N |



| | | | 95° 36' 43.3146'' W |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Teresina, BRAZIL | -4.904788 | -42.865636 | 4° 54' 17.2404" S 42° 51' 56.2926" W |
| Toledo, USA | 41.71221 | -83.5208 | 41° 42' 43.956" N 83° 31' 14.88" W |
| Toluca, MEXICO | 19.292341 | -99.599106 | 19° 17' 32.4312" N 99° 35' 56.7852" W |
| Trinidad Litho, TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO | 10.648529 | -61.472525 | 10° 38' 54.7074" N 61° 28' 21.0894" W |
| Tuas, SINGAPORE | 1.333643 | 103.650924 | 1° 20' 1.1142" N 103° 39' 3.3264" E |
| Tunisia, TUNISIA | 36.784778 | 10.073384 | 36° 47' 5.2008'' N 10° 4' 24.1824'' E |
| Valencia, SPAIN | 39.640876 | -0.261273 | 39° 39' 22.4208" N 0° 13' 27.84" W |
| VICHISA, MEXICO | 28.272654 | - 105.485898 | 28° 16' 21.558" N 105° 29' 9.2328" W |
| Weirton , USA | 40.38747 | -80.621292 | 40° 23' 14.892'' N |



| | | | 80° 37' 16.644" W |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---|
| Weston, CANADA | 43.75819 | -79.536633 | 43° 46' 8.1948" N 79° 32' 44.3472" W |
| Winchester, USA | 39.2114 | -78.1482 | 39° 12' 41.04" N 78° 8' 53.52" W |
| Wantage | 51.59959 | -1.442679 | 51° 35' 58.527" N 1° 26' 33.6474" W |
| Wissota Tools, USA | 44.896838 | -91.41335 | 44° 53' 48.12" N 91° 24' 47.592" W |
| Worland, USA | 44.02439 | - 107.962922 | 44° 1' 27.804" N 107° 57' 46.512" W |
| Ziyang, CHINA | 30.130343 | 104.608926 | 30° 7' 44.043" N 104° 37' 39.489" E |
| Angleboard, USA - Baypoint | 38.03531 | - 121.958477 | 38° 2' 7.188" N 121° 57' 32.832" W |
| Angleboard, USA - Darlington 1 | 34.29527 | -79.92823 | 34° 17' 42.972" N 79° 55' 41.628" W |
| Angleboard, USA - Darlington 2 | 34.296772 | -79.928583 | 34° 17' 49.38" N 79° 55' 45.516" |



| | | | W |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|---|
| Angleboard - Elizabethtown, USA | 40.15747 | -76.652873 | 40° 9' 26.892'' N 76° 39' 15.012'' W |
| Angleboard - Elkhart, USA | 41.702142 | -86.0053 | 41° 42' 7.668'' N 86° 0' 19.08'' W |
| Angleboard - Loveland, USA | 39.222468 | -84.288403 | 39° 13' 20.532" N 84° 17' 16.98" W |
| Angleboard - Monroe, USA | 32.505205 | -92.053806 | 32° 30' 19.512" N 92° 3' 17.712" W |
| Angleboard - Newark, USA | 40.71865 | -74.21952 | 40° 43' 7.14" N 74° 13' 10.272" W |
| Angleboard - Phoenix, USA | 33.44255 | - 112.197494 | 33° 26' 33.1836" N 112° 11' 50.9784" W |
| Angleboard - Salisbury, USA | 35.680124 | -80.500167 | 35° 40' 48.684" N 80° 30' 0.684" W |
| Angleboard Paper, Kankakee, USA | 41.086625 | -87.86979 | 41° 6' 43.236" N 87° 52' 1.056" W |
| Angleboard Plastics, Kankakee, USA | 41.086625 | -87.86979 | 41° 6' 43.236" N 87° 52' 1.056" |



| | | | W |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| BATES, Noerresundby, DENMARK | 57.05942 | 9.94309 | 57° 3' 33.912" N 9° 56' 35.124" E |
| Brighton, MI (Main Building), USA | 42.49988 | -83.696283 | 42° 29' 58.668" N 83° 41' 46.536" W |
| CAREAS Caretex, Chonburi, THAILAND | 13.09111 | 100.883011 | 13° 5' 27.996'' N 100° 52' 58.8396'' E |
| Celcor, Cambridge, CANADA | 43.434356 | -80.31319 | 43° 26' 4.344" N 80° 18' 46.476" W |
| Cincinnati, OH (Building A), USA | 39.308397 | -84.471938 | 39° 18' 30.24" N 84° 28' 18.984" W |
| Cleveland, Brooklyn Heights, USA | 41.42702 | -81.67812 | 41° 25' 37.272" N 81° 40' 41.232" W |
| CROPPS, Gorey, IRELAND | 51.74574 | -8.79961 | 51° 44' 44.664" N 8° 47' 58.596" W |
| PET Plant, Derrimut, Australia | -37.80881 | 144.78081 | 37° 48' 31.716" S 144° 46' 50.919" E |
| DHPTHA Signode Thailand, THAILAND | 12.97862 | 101.109261 | 12° 58' 43.0314" N 101° 6' 33.3396" E |
| DINCN Dinslaken, GERMANY | 51.55865 | 6.74592 | 51° 33' 31.14" N |



| | | | 6° 44' 45.312" E |
|---|-----------|------------|---|
| Down River - Benton (Airlane Dr), Benton, USA | 34.56114 | -92.60509 | 34° 33' 40.104" N 92° 36' 18.324" W |
| Down River - Chicago, Dixmoor, USA | 41.633332 | -87.674768 | 41° 38' 1.608" N 87° 40' 39.36" W |
| Down River - Hazleton, USA | 40.96559 | -76.02006 | 40° 57' 56.124" N 76° 1' 12.216" W |
| Down River - Macon, USA | 32.80326 | -83.55465 | 32° 48' 11.736'' N 83° 33' 16.74'' W |
| Down River - Stockton, USA | 38.0045 | -121.21264 | 38° 0' 16.2" N 121° 12' 45.504" W |
| Down River - Woodland, USA | 45.91249 | -122.755 | 45° 54' 44.964" N 122° 45' 18" W |
| Fleetwood Signode East, Imperial, USA | 40.44326 | -80.30045 | 40° 26' 35.736" N 80° 18' 1.62" W |
| Galewrap, Douglasville, USA | 33.76829 | -84.71735 | 33° 46' 16.356" N 84° 43' 3.576" W |
| GLBPLS Kosice, SLOVAKIA | 48.880436 | 21.247601 | 48° 43' 1.596" N 21° 15' 35.208" E |



| Glenview, IL, USA | 42.087616 | -87.845913 | 42° 5' 13.128'' N 87° 52' 13.404'' W |
|---|-----------|------------|--|
| GUNSW Sandared, SWEDEN | 57.70868 | 12.79366 | 57° 42' 31.248'' N 12° 47' 37.176'' E |
| GUNSW Ystad, SWEDEN | 55.448528 | 13.84924 | 55° 26' 51.756" N 13° 51' 0.36" E |
| GUNTR Fontaine les Luxeuil, France | 47.86006 | 6.35175 | 47° 51' 36.216" N 6° 21' 6.3" E |
| GUNUK Dudley, Kingswinford, UK | 52.508717 | -2.162336 | 52° 30' 31.3806" N 2° 9' 44.409" W |
| HALFN Masku, FINLAND | 60.5496 | 22.12852 | 60° 32' 58.56" N 22° 7' 42.672" E |
| HBLITZ Kardjali 1, BULGARIA | 41.639112 | 25.38857 | 41° 38' 20.8068" N 25° 23' 18.852" E |
| HLDAB Burseryd, SWEDEN | 57.20144 | 13.28466 | 57° 12' 5.1840" N 13° 17' 4.7760" E |
| INDMHT Manual Hand Tool Operations, Bangalore, INDIA | 12.85283 | 77.44198 | 12° 51' 10.1880" N 77° 26' 31.1280" E |
| Insulated Transport Products, La Grange, USA | 33.01798 | -84.99756 | 33° 1' 4.7280'' N |



| | | | 84° 59' 51.2160'' W |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|------------|--|
| INTSTP Heerlen, NETHERLANDS | 50.84606 | 5.99831 | 50° 50' 45.8160" N 5° 59' 53.9160" E |
| ITWQIN Signode China, Qingdao City, | 36.09193 | 120.32806 | 36° 5' 30.948" N 120° 19' 41.016" E |
| JKSWED Hjo, SWEDEN | 58.311875 | 14.286144 | 58° 18' 43.2000" N 14° 17' 12.9120" E |
| Kurri Kurri Steel Plant, AUSTRALIA | - 32.806918 | 151.471365 | 32° 48' 24.9048'' S 151° 28' 16.917'' E |
| LCMRDN Soenderborg, DENMARK | 54.9188 | 9.82079 | 54° 55' 7.6800'' N 9° 49' 14.8440'' E |
| LITEC Tournus, FRANCE | 46.551741 | 4.910495 | 46° 33' 6.2706" N 4° 54' 37.7856" E |
| Lock N Pop, Carrollton, USA | 33.60689 | -85.10081 | 33° 36' 24.8040" N 85° 6' 2.9160" W |
| Loveshaw, South Canaan, USA | 41.508062 | -75.412213 | 41° 30' 29.5560" N 75° 24' 43.7040" W |
| LUXKOR Izmir 1, Izmir, Turkey | 38.48854 | 27.09977 | 38° 29' 18.7440" N 27° 5' 59.1720" E |
| LVSHUK Andover, Andover, UK | 51.21635 | -1.517989 | 51° 12' 58.8594" N 1° 31' 4.7604" W |



| MEZGER Nurnberg, Nurnberg, GERMANY | 49.41601 | 11.16251 | 49° 24' 57.6360" N 11° 9' 45.0360" E |
|---|-----------|-----------------|--|
| MIMAFB Virton, Virton, BELGIUM | 49.550369 | 5.577132 | 49° 33' 1.3284" N 5° 34' 37.6782" E |
| MMAIR Kilkenny, Kilkenny, IRELAND | 52.65374 | -7.24796 | 52° 39' 13.4640" N 7° 14' 52.6560" W |
| MODELO Flejes Modelo, Toluca, MEXICO | 19.289483 | -99.566624 | 19° 17' 22.1388" N 99° 33' 59.8464" W |
| MODELO Signode Mexico, Cienega de Flores, MEXICO | 25.955081 | - 100.165518 | 25° 57' 18.2952" N 100° 9' 55.8648" W |
| Multiwall - Danville, Danville, USA | 36.66527 | -79.37088 | 36° 39' 54.9720" N 79° 22' 15.1680" W |
| Multiwall - East Providence (22 Patton Rd), East Providence, USA | 41.85434 | -71.347054 | 41° 51' 15.6240" N 71° 20' 49.3944" W |
| Multiwall - East Providence (Taylor Dr), East Providence, USA | 41.85604 | -71.34954 | 41° 51' 21.7440" N 71° 20' 58.3440" W |
| Multiwall - Greer, USA | 34.91585 | -82.24134 | 34° 54' 57.0600" N 82° 14' 28.8240" W |
| Multiwall - Martinsville (Beaver Creek), Martinsville, USA | 36.723657 | -79.881727 | 36° 43' 25.1688" N 79° 52' 54.996" W |
| Multiwall - Martinsville (Stultz Rd), Martinsville, USA | 36.70255 | -79.87753 | 36° 42' 9.1800'' N |



| | | | 79° 52' 39.1080'' W |
|---|-----------|-----------------|--|
| Multiwall (National Packaging) - East Providence (Pawtucket Ave), East Providence, USA | 41.85491 | -71.3627 | 41° 51' 17.6760'' N 71° 21' 45.7200'' W |
| NORDIC Manneville sur Risle, Manneville sur Risle, FRANCE | 49.35107 | 0.55597 | 49° 21' 3.8520" N 0° 33' 21.4920" E |
| Orange, TX, USA | 30.20326 | -93.86854 | 30° 12' 11.7360" N 93° 52' 6.7440" W |
| ORGAPK Dietikon 1, Dietikon, SWITZERLAND | 47.41782 | 8.39503 | 47° 25' 4.1520'' N 8° 23' 42.1080'' E |
| ORGAPK Dietikon 2, Dietikon, SWITZERLAND | 47.4179 | 8.39835 | 47° 25' 4.4400'' N 8° 23' 54.0600'' E |
| ORGAPK, Merenschwand, SWITZERLAND | 47.26074 | 8.38755 | 47° 15' 38.6640" N 8° 23' 15.1800" E |
| PKGBP Hilden 1, Hilde, GERMANY | 51.17579 | 6.91067 | 51° 10' 32.8440" N 6° 54' 38.4120" E |
| Plastic Packaging Systems - Colorado, Denver, USA | 39.787444 | - 104.939432 | 39° 47' 14.7984" N 104° 56' 21.9582" W |
| Plastic Packaging Systems - NC (Blue Ridge), Eden, USA | 36.51454 | -79.71798 | 36° 30' 52.3440" N 79° 43' 4.7280" W |
| PRIME Prime Bulk Packaging, Bangalore, INDIA | 12.9845 | 77.59956 | 12° 59' 4.2000" N 77° 35' 58.4160" E |



| SAMJUN Signode Korea, Pohang, SOUTH KOREA | 35.999931 | 129.36587 | 35° 59' 59.7552" N 129° 21' 57.135" E |
|--|-----------|------------|--|
| San Antonio, TX, USA | 29.55185 | -98.36615 | 29° 33' 6.6600" N 98° 21' 58.1400" W |
| SCYBL Castelsarrasin, FRANCE | 44.044036 | 1.112251 | 44° 2' 38.5332" N 1° 6' 44.1036" E |
| Shippers Fordyce, Fordyce, ARIZONA | 33.806786 | -92.423187 | 33° 48' 26.1720" N 92° 25' 25.2120" W |
| Shippers Sheridan, Sheridan, USA | 34.301599 | -92.392819 | 34° 18' 3.3840" N 92° 23' 25.6920" W |
| SIGBRS Signode Brasileira Ltda, Cabreuva, BRAZIL | -23.24315 | -47.049835 | 23° 14' 35.3436" S 47° 2' 59.406" W |
| SIGCOL Signode Colombia, Malambo, COLOMBIA | 10.88516 | -74.76461 | 10° 53' 6.5760" N 74° 45' 52.5960" W |
| SIGKEN Signode Kenya, Nairobi, AFRICA | -1.371674 | 36.918289 | 1° 22' 18.8178" S 36° 54' 5.4048" E |
| Signode - Bridgeview, Bridgeview, USA | 41.76118 | -87.81237 | 41° 45' 40.2480" N 87° 48' 44.5320" W |
| Signode - Florence, Florence, USA | 38.97935 | -84.60797 | 38° 58' 45.6600" N 84° 36' 28.6920" W |
| Signode - Latta, Latta, USA | 34.32309 | -79.43969 | 34° 19' 23.1240" N |



| | | | 79° 26' 22.8840'' W |
|--|-----------|-----------|--|
| Signode Canada, Markham, CANADA | 43.83679 | -79.3237 | 43° 50' 12.4440" N 79° 19' 25.3200" W |
| Signode Packaging Espana, S.L.U., Barcelona, SPAIN | 41.34577 | 2.08631 | 41° 20' 44.7720" N 2° 5' 10.7160" E |
| SINDIA Dahej, Dahej, INDIA | 9.91401 | 78.13037 | 9° 54' 50.4360'' N 78° 7' 49.3320'' E |
| SINDIA Rudrapur, Pantnagar, INDIA | 12.82232 | 77.69432 | 12° 49' 20.3520" N 77° 41' 39.5520" E |
| SINDIA Wintek-BLR, Bangalore, INDIA | 12.898773 | 77.576409 | 12° 53' 55.5828" N 77° 34' 35.1718" E |
| SMB Goldkronach, Goldkronach, GERMANY | 50.01341 | 11.67148 | 50° 0' 48.2760" N 11° 40' 17.3280" E |
| SMP Weischlitz, Weischlitz , GERMANY | 50.44857 | 12.05349 | 50° 26' 54.8520" N 12° 3' 12.5640" E |
| STPIND Stopak, Bangalore, INDIA | 12.815921 | 77.679381 | 12° 57' 28.728'' N 77° 24' 4.3452'' E |
| VACNET Neunen, Neunen, NETHERLANDS | 51.446123 | 5.559111 | 51° 26' 46.0428" N 5° 33' 32.8026" E |
| VACNET Zwijndrecht, Zwijndrecht, NETHERLANDS | 51.815457 | 4.634337 | 51° 48' 55.6482" N 4° 38' 3.6132" E |



| Multiwall - Gary, Gary, USA | 41.6114 | -87.36403 | 41° 36' 41.0400" N 87° 21' 50.5080" W |
|--|-----------|------------|--|
| PKGFN Liljendal, Liljendal, FINLAND | 60.57317 | 26.06114 | 60° 34' 23.4120" N 26° 3' 40.1040" E |
| SINDIA Rudraram, Telangana, INDIA | 17.555809 | 78.183225 | 17° 33' 20.916" N 78° 10' 59.6094" E |
| SINDIA Silvassa, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, INDIA | 20.180867 | 73.016913 | 20° 10' 51.1206" N 73° 1' 0.8898" E |
| STMEXI Syn-Tex Bag, Amatlan de los Reyes, MEXICO | 18.842674 | -96.91823 | 18° 52' 21.5652" N 96° 51' 29.736" W |
| VACNET Best, Best, NETHERLANDS | 51.50133 | 5.413989 | 51° 30' 4.7916" N 5° 24' 5.413989" E |
| Lacrosse, USA, WH -Urbancrest | 39.903147 | -83.088296 | 39° 54' 11.3286" N 83° 5' 17.8686" W |
| Lancaster, USA, WH - Urbancrest | 39.904763 | -83.09073 | 39° 54' 17.1468" N 83° 5' 26.6274" W |
| Belcamp, USA, WH | 39.468133 | -76.232884 | 39° 28' 5.2788" N 76° 13' 58.3854" W |
| Cheraw, USA, WH | 34.696733 | -79.903352 | 34° 41' 48.2418" N 79° 54' 12.0702" W |



| Lawrence, USA, WH - Closed | 42.73064 | -71.211905 | 42° 43' 50.307" N 71° 12' 42.861" W |
|--|----------------|------------|---|
| Singapore SF, SINGAPORE, Harbour Front | 1.264515 | 103.819271 | 1° 15' 52.257" N 103° 49' 9.3756" |
| Dubuque, USA | 42.488575 | -90.773189 | 42° 29' 18.8736" N 90° 46' 23.4804" W |
| Bowling Green, USA, Technical Center | 37.009259 | -86.388886 | 37° 0' 33.3324" N 86° 23' 19.989" W |
| Rio Verde, BRAZIL | - 17.733137 | -50.868368 | 17° 43' 59.2968" S 50° 52' 6.1284" W |
| TCP, THAILAND | 14.389514 | 100.921948 | 14° 23' 22.2504" N 100° 55' 19.0158" E |
| Pittsburgh, USA, WH | 38.026117 | -121.88939 | 38° 1' 34.0206 N 121° 53' 21.8076" W |
| Vung Tao, VIETNAM | 10.647699 | 107.063619 | 10° 38' 51.7200" N 1° 26' 33.6474" W |

SW2.1

(SW2.1) Please propose any mutually beneficial water-related projects you could collaborate on with specific CDP supply chain members.



SW2.2

(SW2.2) Have any water projects been implemented due to CDP supply chain member engagement?

No

SW3.1

(SW3.1) Provide any available water intensity values for your organization's products or services.

Product name

12 oz Aluminium Beverage Can

Water intensity value

0.0644

Numerator: Water aspect

Water withdrawn

Denominator

One thousand 12 oz cans.

Comment

North America division water intensity average is 0.0644 cubic meters of water consumed per thousand 12 oz cans. Water intensity is given by water withdrawn versus production, there is no water in the final product.

Submit your response

In which language are you submitting your response?

English

Please confirm how your response should be handled by CDP

| | I understand that my response will be shared with all requesting stakeholders | Response permission |
|--|---|------------------------|
| Please select your submission options | Yes | Public |

Please confirm below

Crown Holdings CDP Water Security Questionnaire 2022 Thursday, July 28, 2022



I have read and accept the applicable Terms